

Beyond due diligence: supporting production-level change in West Africa

Dr Mike Senior 15th March 2018



















We provide direct support to companies

We work directly with companies, supporting them in their transition to better practices.











































We support the wider 'enabling environment'

Through our longer-term interventions and donor-funded programmes we aim to foster awareness of the issues and build local capacity and local ownership of sustainability initiatives.





























Overview

- Proforest's Programme: "Building on Legality"
- Beyond due diligence
- Key findings: FSC and "No deforestation"
- Tools & solutions for producers:
 - Guidance for producers
 - The Proforest Field Audit App



Building on legality to deliver responsible and deforestation-free commodity supply chains

- "Africa Legality Programme" funded by DFID FGMC
- Focal countries: Côte d'Ivoire, Ghana and Liberia
- Timber, palm oil and cocoa
- **Goal**: "Promote legal compliance as a first step for businesses to meeting sustainability commitments, whilst promoting smallholder and gender inclusion"
- Objectives:
 - Assess similarities/gaps between national legislation & voluntary supply chain commitments or standards (e.g. FSC, HCV)
 - Help producers attain legal compliance & "step-up" to sustainability
 - Support alignment of legal and voluntary mechanisms





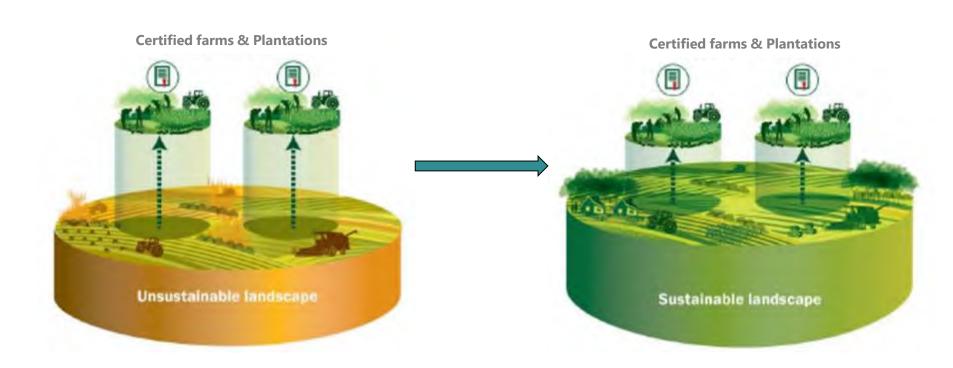








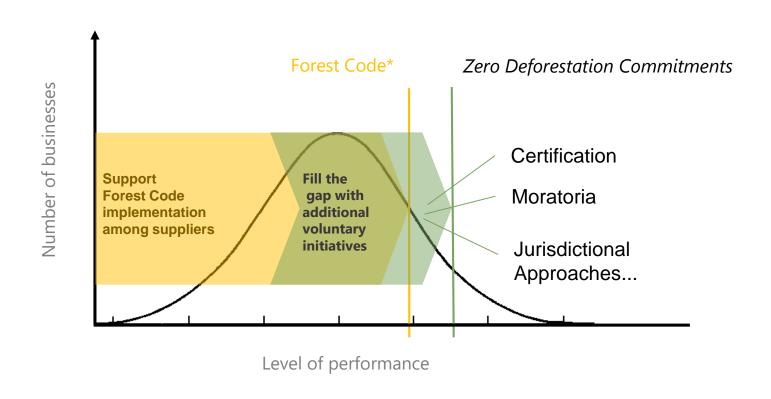
General Assumptions: Voluntary vs. Compulsory compliance



- Responsible sourcing and production commitments are voluntary so scale is limited
- However, Legal compliance is not can it raise the bar for all? What next after FI FGT VPAs?



Legality example: Brazil's 'twin-track' approach



^{*}Forest Code: a legislation regulating land use and management on private properties in Brazil.



Building on legality to deliver responsible and deforestation-free commodity supply chains

Activities & outputs:

- Legal reviews
- For producers & producer governments:
 - Legal guidance
 - Auditing app
 - Topics for aligning voluntary and legal mechanisms identified
- For downstream companies & international actors:
 - Guidance on 'no deforestation' implementation challenges
 - Tools to offer to suppliers











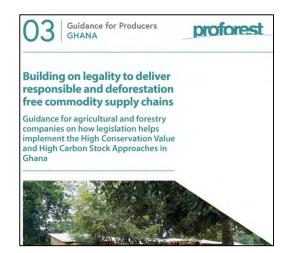






Beyond due diligence..

- Risks of negative screening of "high risk origins"
- Burden of compliance falling on producers?
- Two-pronged strategy:
 - Ongoing efforts for sectoral-change at production level
 - 2. Supply chain companies support suppliers' to comply?



Buyers can provide tools to suppliers to:

- Mitigate risks
- Achieve legal compliance
- Step-up from legally compliant to sustainable? E.g. FSC-certified? 'Deforestation-free'?





Legal review: Ghana FSC (MU)

- 75% FSC indicators were fully or partially addressed by legislation
- Community Relations & Workers Rights: Partially addressed.
 - Addressed: grievance mechanisms, benefit-sharing and freedom of association. Local value add from Tree and Timber Act.
 - Gaps: Hiring from local communities, inclusiveness/completeness of consultation & SRAs,
- **Environmental impact**: Partially addressed.
 - Addressed: mitigation of negative impacts, RTE species
 - Gaps: control of exotic species, representative ecosystem sample, public management plan and monitoring results

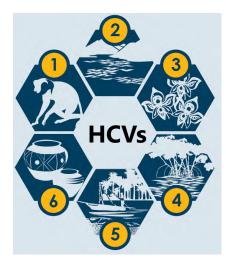
Principle 4: Community Relations and Worker's Rights	Criteria 4.1he communities within, or adjacent to, the forest management area should be given opportunities for employment, training, and other services.	4.1.1 All efforts shall be made to employ workers from local communities before workers are sought from further afield.	nat Addressed
		4-1.2 Training shall be provided for workers from local communities	Partially Addressed





Legal review: "No Deforestation"

- Supply company commitments to 'no deforestation'
- No sourcing from High Conservation Value & High Carbon Stock areas
- Legal reviews for Ghana, Liberia and Ivory Coast
- To what extent does legislation already protect:
 - Species, ecosystems, ecosystem services
 - Community rights and values









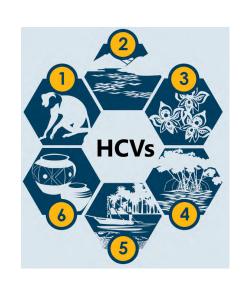


Legal review: "No Deforestation" findings

- All 3 countries technically have some protections through EIA processes, e.g. protecting gallery forest, 'Environmentally Sensitive Areas', 'habitats of threatened species'
- Liberia has strong legal framework for community rights, Ghana for 'Social Responsibility Agreements'
- Scope to build on VPA approach & expand legal requirements to other commodities → national forest monitoring system in Ghana?
- Major challenges in implementation, for small producers & linked to traditional land ownership











Guidance for producers

- FSC guidance for producers in Ghana
- HCV & HCS guidance for producers in Ghana, Liberia and Cote D'Ivoire
- (Also RSPO guidance)
- Available soon at <u>www.proforest.net/legality</u>

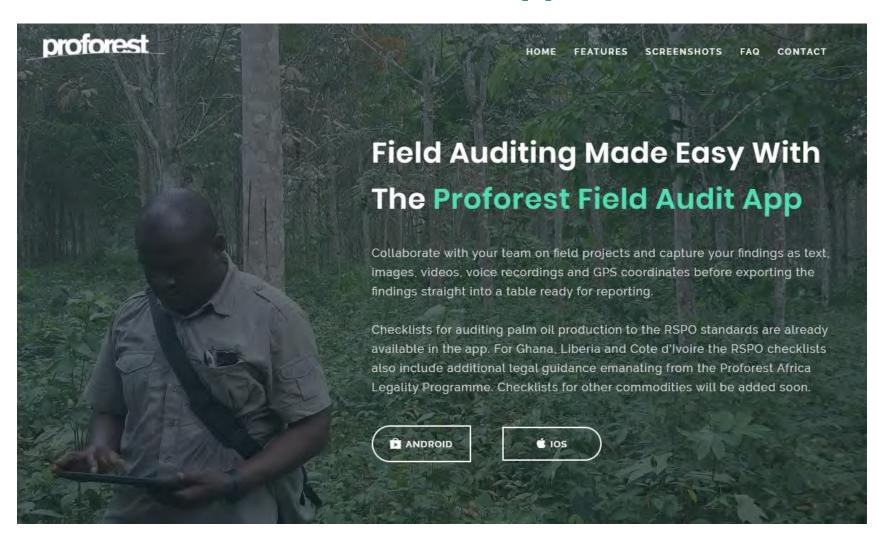








The Proforest Field Audit App





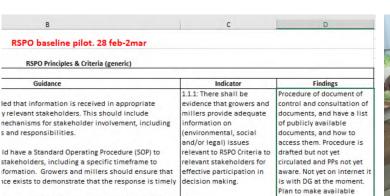
The Proforest Field Audit App

- Simplify field audits and assessments
- Collect text, audio, video, photo and GPS coordinates
- Collaborate with other team members

online and also other

means for those without internet. Also have

- Findings exported directly to excel with supporting files
- Checklists included:
 - FSC, NEPCon LegalSource, RSPO...more coming!



ements relating to publicly available documentation

ting to consultation.





proforest

Key points:

- Importance of solutions/tools for producers – not just risk mitigation
- Need to build on FLEGT & VPA building blocks for other sectors – but takes time!
- Don't forget with traditional authorities
- Solutions for smallholders/SMEs

Thank you for listening

www.proforest.net/legality

mike@proforest.net